CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA

Eighth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties

Kyoto (Japan), 2 to 13 March 1992

Interpretation and Implementation of the Convention

STOCKS OF HAIR AND CLOTH OF VICUNA

The attached draft resolution (Annex) has been prepared by Argentina.

DRAFT RESOLUTION OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES

Stocks of Hair and Cloth of Vicuna

CONSIDERING that the vicuna (Vicugna vicugna) is listed in Appendix I;

CONSIDERING that populations of vicuna of Chile (part of the population of Parinacota Province) and of Peru (populations of Lucanas, Azangaro, Junín, Arequipa and Cailloma Provinces) were listed in Appendix II at the sixth meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Ottawa, 1987) for the exclusive purpose of trading in cloth made from wool sheared from live animals, and that the aforementioned cloth may only be traded if identified by the trade mark and logo "VICUÑANDES CHILE" and "VICUÑANDES PERU" depending on the country of origin, in accordance with the decision adopted by the signatory countries of the Convenio de la Vicuña (Vicuna Convention);

RECOGNIZING that the stocks of cloth manufactured from vicuna, as well as hair have been detected and documented in countries such as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Japan and in the British Territory of Hong Kong and that this fact has been verified by the Comisión Técnico Administradora del Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña (Administrating Technical Commission of the Convention for the Management and Conservation of Vicuna);

CONSIDERING that the eighth regular meeting of the Comisión Técnico Administradora del Convenio para la Conservación y el Manejo de la Vicuña (Argentina, Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru) took place in Chile in September 1987 and that it adopted Resolution No. 56/87, addressed to the CITES Secretariat, requesting that the Secretariat recommend to all Parties and especially to those Parties that have stocks of vicuna cloth and hair that they submit within a determined time limit a list of those stocks and suggesting, also, that the latter Parties manufacture cloth with the fibres in stock as soon as possible;

CONSIDERING that, based on Resolution No. 56/87 adopted by the signatory States of the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña the CITES Secretariat submitted Notification to the Parties No. 472 asking the Parties to respond favourably:

CONSCIOUS that Resolution No. 97/90 adopted by the eleventh regular meeting of the Comisión Técnico Administradora del Convenio de la Vicuña reminds the CITES Secretariat of the agreement adopted under Resolution No. 56/87;

THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES TO THE CONVENTION

RECOMMENDS

- a) that all Parties that are not members of the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña inform the Secretariat about their commercial trade in vicuna cloth in their annual reports;
- b) that the Management Authority of an importing State authorize the import of pre-Convention vicuna cloth only when the reverse carries the tag with the logo of the country of origin and the trade mark VICUÑANDES-CHILE or VICUÑANDES-PERU;
- c) that importing countries in consultation with the Secretariat verify the validity of export permits for vicuna cloth in order to ascertain their origin;
- d) that any State member of the Convenio para la Conservación y Manejo de la Vicuña that exports vicuna cloth in accordance with this Resolution, inform the Secretariat on an annual basis about the quantity of products exported, the number of animals sheared and the local populations to which they belong and that it submit a report to the regular meetings of the Conference of the Parties; and
- e) that all Parties immediately apply stricter domestic controls on the commercial trade in vicuna cloth.