Recapitulation of wild crocodile harvest (1994-2005) in ranching program for *Crocodylus porosus*. All of wild animals are taken in Papua Province, Indonesia.

Year	Number of eggs taken from wild	Number of young taken from wild	Number of adults taken from wild	% of adults	Number of animal release to wild	% of mortality in farms	Production	Sales	Export	Remarks
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Moratorium
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Moratorium
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Moratorium
1997	0	Hatchling: 4235 Raising: 7481	0	0	0	10	Culling: 3378 Skin: 2929 (R)	0	0	Moratorium The numbers were based on: Messel, H., Broad, S., Samedi, Dwiatmo and Sutedja. 1997. Crocodile management program for Indonesia (revised). Report for Ministry of Forestry, Directorate General of Forest Protection & Nature Conservation. Jakarta. 28 pp. Causes of mortality: 1. Weak and stressed condition of individual during transportation 2. Fight each other

 Table 1. Continue

Year	Number of eggs taken from wild	Number of young taken from wild	Number of adults taken from wild	% of adults	Number of animal release to wild	% of mortality in farms	Production	Sales	Export	Remarks
1998	0	Hatchling 3599 Raising 2171	0	0	0	10	Culling 1496 Skin: 12599 (R)	0		Culling produced from raising on 1997 up 20%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.
1999	0	Hatchling 3059 Raising 1641	0		0	10	Culling: 434 Skin: 14672 (R)	0	1418 (R)	Culling produced from raising on 1998 up 20%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each
2000	0	Hatchling: 2700 Raising: 1333	0		0	10	Culling: 328 Skin: 14158 (R)	0	4890 (R)	other. Culling produced from raising on 1999 up 20%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.

 Table 1. Continue

Year	Number of eggs taken	Number of young taken	Number of adults taken	% of adults	Number of animal release	% of mortality	Production	Sales	Export	Remarks
2001	0	Hatchlings: 2295 Raisings: 1254	2000 Quota Caught Realization 59		to wild 0	in farms 10	Culling: 267 Skin: 9999 (R)	0	59 (W) 3482 (R)	Culling produced from raising on 2000 up 20%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.
2002	0	40,000 Quota Caught Realization: Hatchlings: 1950 Raisings: 1670	2000 Quota Caught Realization 537		0	10	Culling: 502 Skin: 4419 (R) 537 (W)	0	537 (W) 2720 (R)	Culling produced from raising on 2001 up 20%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.
2003	0	40,000 Quota Caught Realization: Hatchlings: 1657 Raisings: 3530	2000 Quota Caught Realization 250		0	10	Culling: 835 Skin: 5848 (R) 250 (W)	0	250 (W) 2918 (R)	Culling produced from raising on 2002 up 40%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.

 Table 1. Continue

Year	Number of	Number of	Number of adults taken	% of adults	Number of animal release	% of	Production	Sales	Export	Remarks
1 ear	eggs taken from wild	young taken from wild	from wild	adults	to wild	mortality in farms				
2004	0	40,000 Quota Caught Realization: Hatchlings: 1557 Raisings: 6629	2000 Quota Caught Realization 294		0	10	Culling: 2648 Skins: 5212 (R) 294 (W)	0	294 (W) 3968 (R)	Culling produced from raising on 2003 up 50%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each
2005	0	40,000 Quota Caught Realization: Hatchling: 1322 Raising: 2987			0	10	Culling: 4972 Skin: 5570	0	4295 (R)	other. Culling produced from raising on 2004 up 75%. Skin produced from dead hatchling (10%), raising (10%) and culling (100%). Causes of mortality: poor pen, lack of food, illness and fight each other.

>Conservation program which going to be conducted in 2006:

- Survey C. porosus population at Kaimana, Papua.
- Release from ranching.

>Conservation program which have been conducted:

- Regulation of Ministry of Forestry number P.19/Menhut-II/2005 concerning Breeding of Wild Flora and Fauna included Ranching Guidance.

For The CITES Management Authority of Indonesia,

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